



1 Decay Scheme

Ra-225 disintegrates 100% by beta minus emission to levels in Ac-225.
Le radium 225 se désintègre par émission bêta moins vers des niveaux excités de l'actinium 225.

2 Nuclear Data

$T_{1/2}(^{225}\text{Ra})$: 14,82 (19) d
 $T_{1/2}(^{225}\text{Ac})$: 10,0 (1) d
 $Q^-(^{225}\text{Ra})$: 356 (5) keV

2.1 β^- Transitions

	Energy keV	Probability × 100	Nature	lg <i>ft</i>
$\beta_{0,3}^-$	200 (5)	< 0,01	2nd Forbidden	> 10,1
$\beta_{0,2}^-$	235 (5)	< 0,01	Unique 1st Forbidden	> 9,9
$\beta_{0,1}^-$	316 (5)	68,8 (20)	Allowed	6,87
$\beta_{0,0}^-$	356 (5)	31,2 (20)	1st Forbidden	7,38

2.2 Gamma Transitions and Internal Conversion Coefficients

	Energy keV	P _{γ+ce} × 100	Multipolarity	α_L	α_M	α_T
$\gamma_{1,0}(\text{Ac})$	40,09 (5)	68,8 (17)	E1	0,974 (14)	0,24 (4)	1,293 (19)

3 Atomic Data

3.1 Ac

ω_K	:	0,969	(4)
$\bar{\omega}_L$:	0,464	(18)
n_{KL}	:	0,799	(5)

3.1.1 X Radiations

		Energy keV	Relative probability
X _L	Lℓ	10,8701	
	Lα	12,5002 – 12,6505	
	Lη	14,0807	
	Lβ	14,6024 – 16,6263	
	Lγ	17,813 – 18,9228	

3.1.2 Auger Electrons

		Energy keV	Relative probability
Auger L		5,87 – 19,69	

4 Electron Emissions

		Energy keV	Electrons per 100 disint.
eAL	(Ac)	5,87 - 19,69	15,7 (7)
ec1,0 L	(Ac)	20,24 - 24,22	29,2 (8)
ec1,0 M	(Ac)	35,09 - 36,87	7,2 (12)
ec1,0 N	(Ac)	38,82 - 39,78	1,86 (27)
$\beta_{0,3}^-$	max:	200 (5)	< 0,01
$\beta_{0,3}^-$	avg:	54,0 (15)	
$\beta_{0,2}^-$	max:	235 (5)	< 0,01
$\beta_{0,2}^-$	avg:	70,5 (16)	
$\beta_{0,1}^-$	max:	316 (5)	68,8 (20)
$\beta_{0,1}^-$	avg:	88,3 (16)	
$\beta_{0,0}^-$	max:	356 (5)	31,2 (20)
$\beta_{0,0}^-$	avg:	100,7 (16)	

5 Photon Emissions

5.1 X-Ray Emissions

		Energy keV	Photons per 100 disint.
XL	(Ac)	10,8701 — 18,9228	13,6 (6)

5.2 Gamma Emissions

	Energy keV	Photons per 100 disint.
$\gamma_{1,0}(\text{Ac})$	40,09 (5)	30,0 (7)

6 Main Production Modes

Ra – 226(n,2n)Ra – 225

Descendant of U – 233()

7 References

- A.C.ENGLISH, T.E.CRANSHAW, P.DEMERS, J.A.HARVEY, E.P.HINCKS, J.V.JELLEY, A.N.MAY. Phys.Rev. 72 (1947) 253
(Half-life)
- F.HAGEMANN, L.I.KATZIN, M.H.STUDIER, G.T.SEABORG, A.GHIORSO. Phys.Rev. 79 (1950) 435
(Half-life)
- L.B.MAGNUSSON, F.WAGNER, JR., D.W.ENGELKEMEIR, M.S. FREEDMAN. ANL-5386 (1955)
(Gamma ray energies emission probabilities)
- F.S.STEPHENS. UCRL-2970 (1955)
(Gamma ray energies emission probabilities)
- J.K.DICKENS, J.W.McCONNELL. Radiochem. Radioanal. Lett. 47 (1981) 331
(Gamma ray energies emission probabilities)
- R.G.HELMER, C.W.REICH, M.A.LEE, I.AHMAD. Int. J. Appl. Radiat. Isotop. 37 (1986) 139
(Gamma ray emission probabilities)
- I.AHMAD, J.E.GINDLER, A.M.FRIEDMAN, R.R.CHASMAN, T.ISHII. Nucl. Phys. A472 (1987) 285
(Gamma ray energies)
- G.J.MILLER, J.C.McGEORGE, I.ANTHONY, R.O. OWENS. Phys.Rev. C36 (1987) 420
(Half-life)
- Y.A.AKOVALI. Nucl. Data Sheets 60 (1990) 617
(NDS)
- E.SCHÖNFELD, H.JANSSEN. Nucl. Instrum. Meth. Phys. Res. A369 (1996) 527
(Atomic data)
- G.AUDI, A.H.WAPSTRA, C.THIBAUT. Nucl. Phys. A729 (2003) 129
(Q)
- T. KIBÉDI, T.W. BURROWS, M.B. TRZHASKOVSKAYA, P.M. DAVIDSON, AND C.W.NESTOR, JR. Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res. A589 (2008) 202
(Theoretical Internal Conversion Coefficients)

