



## 1 Decay Scheme

Le scandium 47 se désintègre par émission bêta moins vers le niveau excité de 159 keV et le niveau fondamental du titane 47.

*Sc-47 decays by beta minus emission to the 159 keV excited level and the ground state of Ti-47.*

## 2 Nuclear Data

$$T_{1/2}(^{47}\text{Sc}) : 3,3485 \quad (9) \quad \text{d}$$

$$Q^-(^{47}\text{Sc}) : 600,8 \quad (19) \quad \text{keV}$$

### 2.1 $\beta^-$ Transitions

	Energy (keV)	Probability (%)	Nature	lg $ft$
$\beta_{0,1}^-$	441,4 (19)	68,5 (5)	Allowed	5,3
$\beta_{0,0}^-$	600,8 (19)	31,5 (5)	Allowed	6,1

### 2.2 Gamma Transitions and Internal Conversion Coefficients

	Energy (keV)	P <sub><math>\gamma+ce</math></sub> (%)	Multipolarity	$\alpha_K$ (10 <sup>-3</sup> )	$\alpha_L$ (10 <sup>-4</sup> )	$\alpha_M$ (10 <sup>-5</sup> )	$\alpha_T$ (10 <sup>-3</sup> )
$\gamma_{1,0}(\text{Ti})$	159,373 (12)	68,5 (5)	M1+0,97(17)%E2	5,60 (12)	5,12 (11)	6,54 (14)	6,18 (13)

### 3 Atomic Data

#### 3.1 Ti

$\omega_K$	:	0,226	(5)
$\bar{\omega}_L$	:	0,00321	(64)
$n_{KL}$	:	1,566	(5)

##### 3.1.1 X Radiations

	Energy (keV)	Relative probability
X <sub>K</sub>		
K $\alpha_2$	4,50491	50,76
K $\alpha_1$	4,5109	100
K $\beta_1$	4,93186	} 19,98
K $\beta_5''$	4,9623	

##### 3.1.2 Auger Electrons

	Energy (keV)	Relative probability
Auger K		
KLL	3,79 - 4,01	100
KLX	4,33 - 4,48	18,9
KXY	4,83 - 4,90	1,35
Auger L	0,3 - 0,5	

### 4 Electron Emissions

		Energy (keV)	Electrons (per 100 disint.)
e <sub>AL</sub>	(Ti)	0,3 - 0,5	0,0349 (8)
e <sub>AK</sub>	(Ti)		
	KLL	3,79 - 4,01	} 0,295 (7)
	KLX	4,33 - 4,48	
	KXY	4,83 - 4,90	
ec <sub>1,0</sub> K	(Ti)	154,407 (12)	0,381 (9)
ec <sub>1,0</sub> L	(Ti)	158,809 - 158,918	0,0349 (8)
$\beta_{0,1}^-$	max:	441,4 (19)	} 68,5 (5)
	avg:	142,8 (7)	
$\beta_{0,0}^-$	max:	600,8 (19)	} 31,5 (5)
	avg:	204,2 (8)	

## 5 Photon Emissions

### 5.1 X-Ray Emissions

		Energy (keV)	Photons (per 100 disint.)		
XK $\alpha_2$	(Ti)	4,50491	0,0256 (9)	}	K $\alpha$
XK $\alpha_1$	(Ti)	4,5109	0,0505 (16)		
XK $\beta_1$	(Ti)	4,93186	0,0101 (4)	}	K' $\beta_1$
XK $\beta_5''$	(Ti)	4,9623			

### 5.2 Gamma Emissions

	Energy (keV)	Photons (per 100 disint.)
$\gamma_{1,0}(\text{Ti})$	159,373 (12)	68,1 (5)

## 6 Main Production Modes

- { Ti – 47(n,p)Sc – 47      $\sigma$  : 0,23 (4) barns
- { Possible impurities: Sc – 46, Sc – 48, Ca – 45
- { Ca – 48(p,2n)Sc – 47
- { Possible impurities: Sc – 46, Sc – 48
- { Ti – 49(d, $\alpha$ )Sc – 47
- { Possible impurities: Ca – 45
- Ca – 44( $\alpha$ ,p)Sc – 47
- Ca – 46(d,n)Sc – 47
- Ca – 46(p, $\gamma$ )Sc – 47

## 7 References

- C.T. HIBDON, M.L. POOL. Phys. Rev. 67 (1945) 313  
(First correct identification)
- N.L. KRISBERG, M.L. POOL. Phys. Rev. 75 (1949) 1693  
(Half-life)
- J.M. CORK, J.M. LEBLANC, M.K. BRICE, W.H. NESTER. Phys. Rev. 92 (1953) 367  
(Half-life, ICCs, Gamma energy)
- J.E. DUVAL, M.H. KURBATOV. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 75 (1953) 2246  
(Half-life)
- L. MARQUEZ. Phys. Rev. 92 (1953) 1511  
(Half-life)
- L.S. CHENG, M.L. POOL. Phys. Rev. 90 (1953) 886  
(Half-life, Beta emission probability, ICCs, Gamma energy)
- W.S. LYON, B. KAHN. Phys. Rev. 99 (1955) 728  
(Half-life, Beta emission probability, Gamma energy)

- R.T. NICHOLS, E.N. JENSEN. Phys. Rev. 100 (1955) 1407  
(Beta emission probability, Gamma energy)
- L.J. LIDOFKY, V.K. FISCHER. Phys. Rev. 104 (1956) 759  
(Half-life, Beta emission probability)
- W.E. GRAVES, S.K. SURI. Phys. Rev. 101 (1956) 1368  
(Beta emission probability, Gamma energy)
- A. POULARIKAS, R.W. FINK. Phys. Rev. 115 (1959) 989  
(Half-life)
- S. HONTZEAS, L. YAFFE. Can. J. Chem. 41 (1963) 2194  
(Half-life)
- S.C. MISRA, U.C. GUPTA, N.P.S. SIDHU. Nucl. Phys. 51 (1964) 174  
(Half-life, Beta emission probability, Gamma energy)
- J. KONIJN, E.W.A. LINGEMAN, S.A. DE WIT. Nucl. Phys. A 90 (1967) 558  
(Gamma energy)
- J.W.T. MEADOWS, V.A. MODE. J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem. 30 (1968) 361  
(Half-life)
- Z.T. BAK, P. RIEHS. Int. J. Appl. Radiat. Isot. 19 (1968) 593  
(Half-life, Gamma emission probability)
- H. RAVN. J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem. 31 (1969) 1883  
(Half-life)
- R.E. WOOD, J.M. PALMS, P. VENUGOPALA RAO. Nucl. Phys. A 126 (1969) 300  
(Gamma energy)
- R.J. GEHRKE. ANCR 1088 (1972) 392  
(Gamma energy)
- H. MOMMSEN, I. PERLMAN, J. YELLIN. Nucl. Instrum. Methods 177 (1980) 545  
(Half-life)
- D. REHER, H.H. HANSEN, R. VANINBROUKX, M.J. WOODS, C.E. GRANT, S.E.M. LUCAS, J. BOUCHARD, J. MOREL, R. VATIN. Int. J. Appl. Radiat. Isot. 37 (1986) 973  
(Half-life, Beta emission probability, ICCs, Gamma emission probability)
- E. SCHÖNFELD, H. JANSSEN. Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A 369 (1996) 527  
(Atomic data)
- T.W. BURROWS. Nucl. Data Sheets 108 (2007) 923  
(ENSDF evaluation, Mixing ratio, Gamma energy, Spins and parities)
- T. KIBÉDI, T.W. BURROWS, M.B. TRZHASKOVSKAYA, P.M. DAVIDSON, C.W. NESTOR, JR. Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A 589 (2008) 202  
(ICCs)
- M. WANG, G. AUDI, A.H. WAPSTRA, F.G. KONDEV, M. MACCORMICK, X. XU, B. PFEIFFER. Chin. Phys. C 36 (2012) 1603  
(Q-value)

