

Proposed ICRM GS WG action on MC codes for HPGe detectors - EGSnrc

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**Ionizing Radiation Standards
National Research Council of Canada**

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National Research
Council Canada

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de recherches Canada

Canada

Electron Gamma Shower

EGSnrc

- ✓ General purpose code: energies from 1 keV to 10 GeV
- ✓ Most efficient: released in 2000 as the new EGS4 version
- ✓ Most accurate physics: nominal accuracy at 0.1% level
- ✓ *Gold standard* for electron-photon transport

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL nrc-cnrc.github.io/EGSnrc/. The page has a dark header with the GitHub logo and the text "EGSnrc". Below the header is a blue button labeled "View on GitHub" with the GitHub logo. The main content area features the title "EGSnrc" in large white font, followed by the subtitle "Toolkit for Monte Carlo simulation of ionizing radiation transport". At the bottom right are download links for ".tar.gz" and ".zip" files, each accompanied by a folder icon and a downward arrow.

Documentation

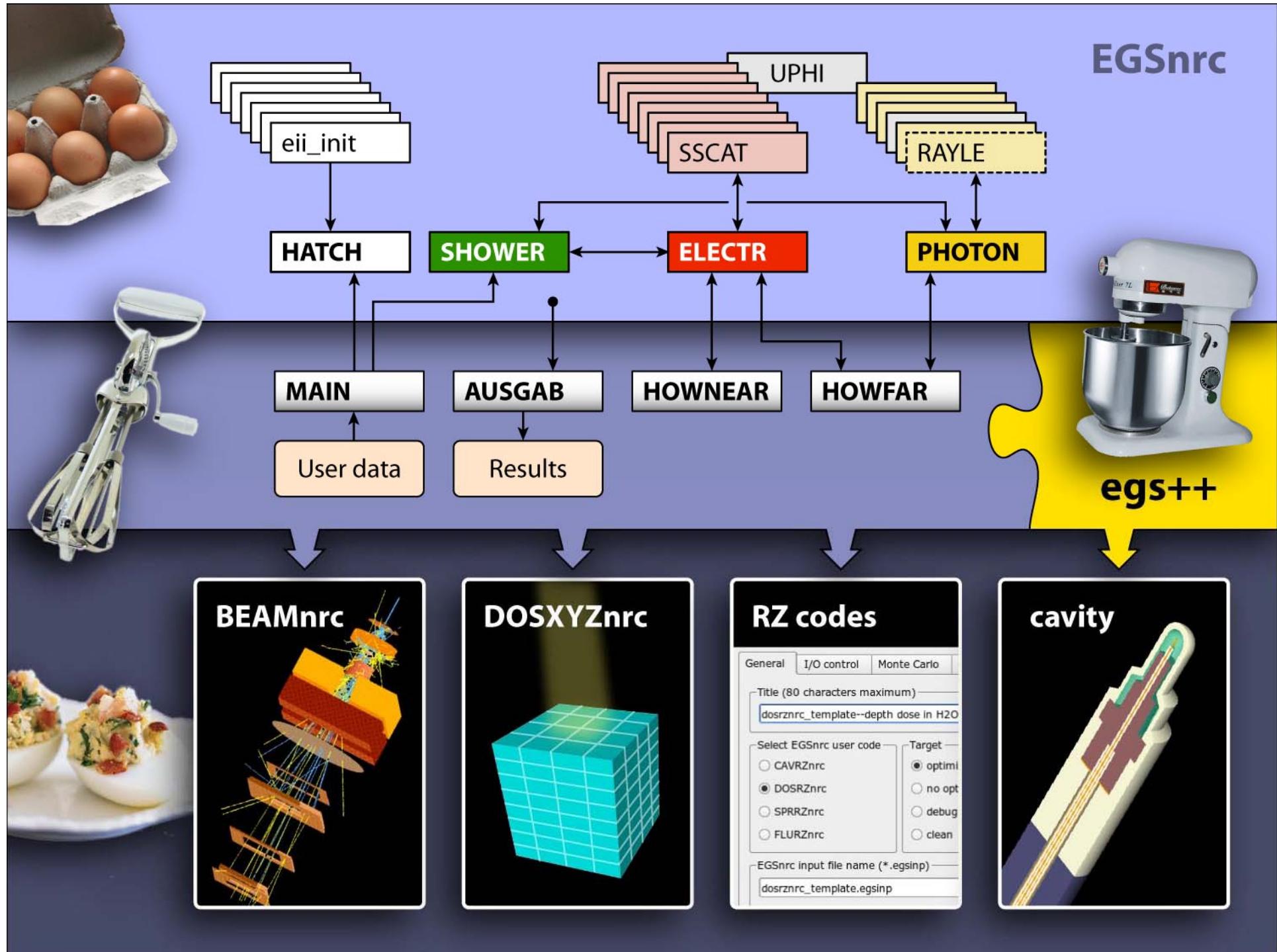
PIRS-701 The EGSnrc code system	PIRS-702 NRC user codes for EGSnrc
PIRS-509a BEAMnrc user manual	PIRS-801 User manual for egs_inprz
PIRS-794 DOSXYZnrc user manual	PIRS-509c BEAMDP user manual
PIRS-898 The EGSnrc C++ class library	PIRS-509f STATDOSE manual

Installation

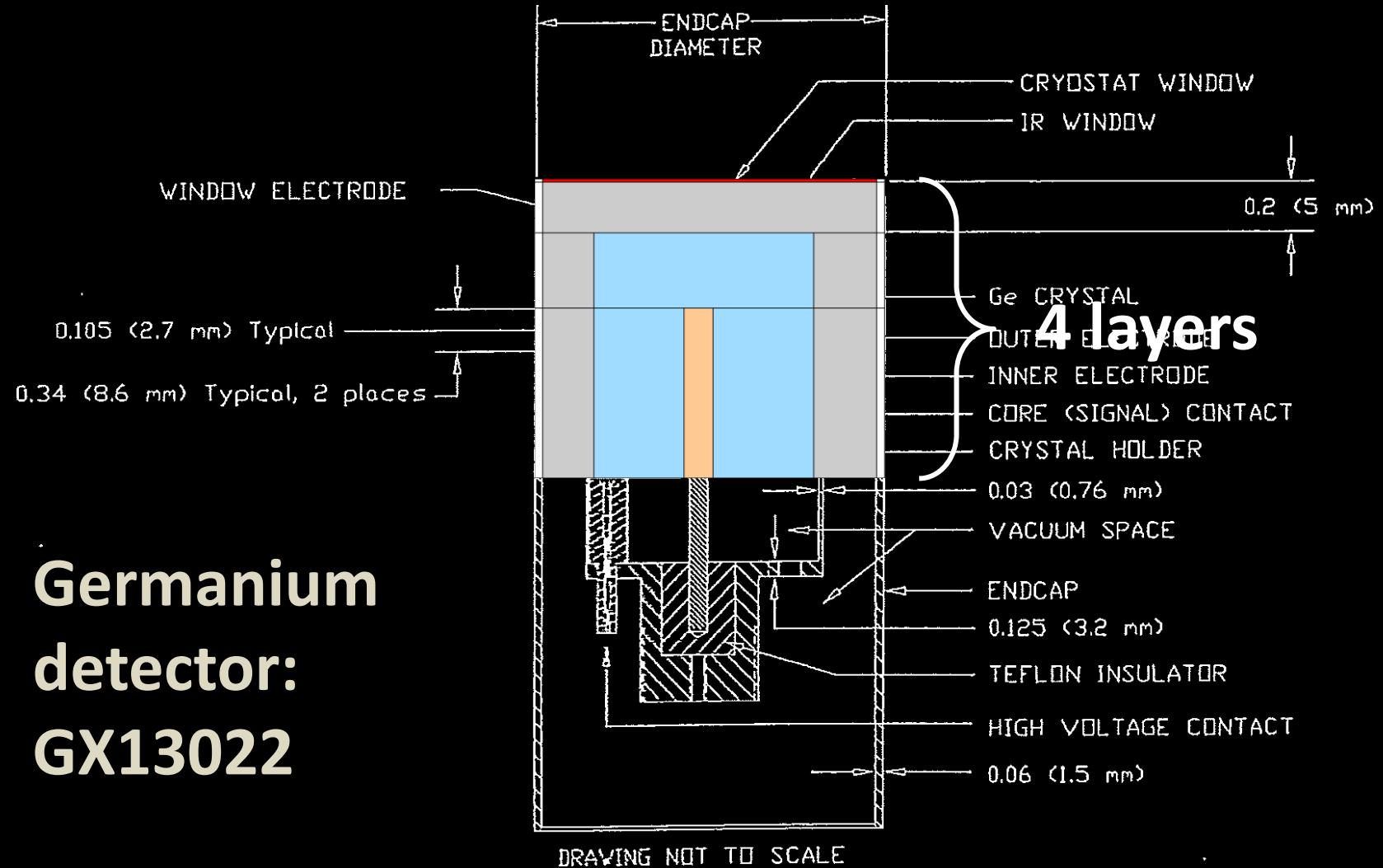
Please read the full [installation instructions](#) for more details on how to download and properly configure EGSnrc on your computer. In short, installation involves two steps:

1. Download the EGSnrc source code. We recommend using the git software to obtain the source code. Typing the following git command in a shell will download EGSnrc to your current working directory: `git clone https://github.com/nrc-cnrc/EGSnrc.git`. Alternatively you can download the EGSnrc directory as a [zip archive](#) or a [tar.gz archive](#).

2. Configure EGSnrc for your computer. On a Linux system, you may configure the software with either the Linux configuration utility or a configuration shell script, as detailed in the instructions. On OS X you have to use the configuration shell script. On Windows, you have to



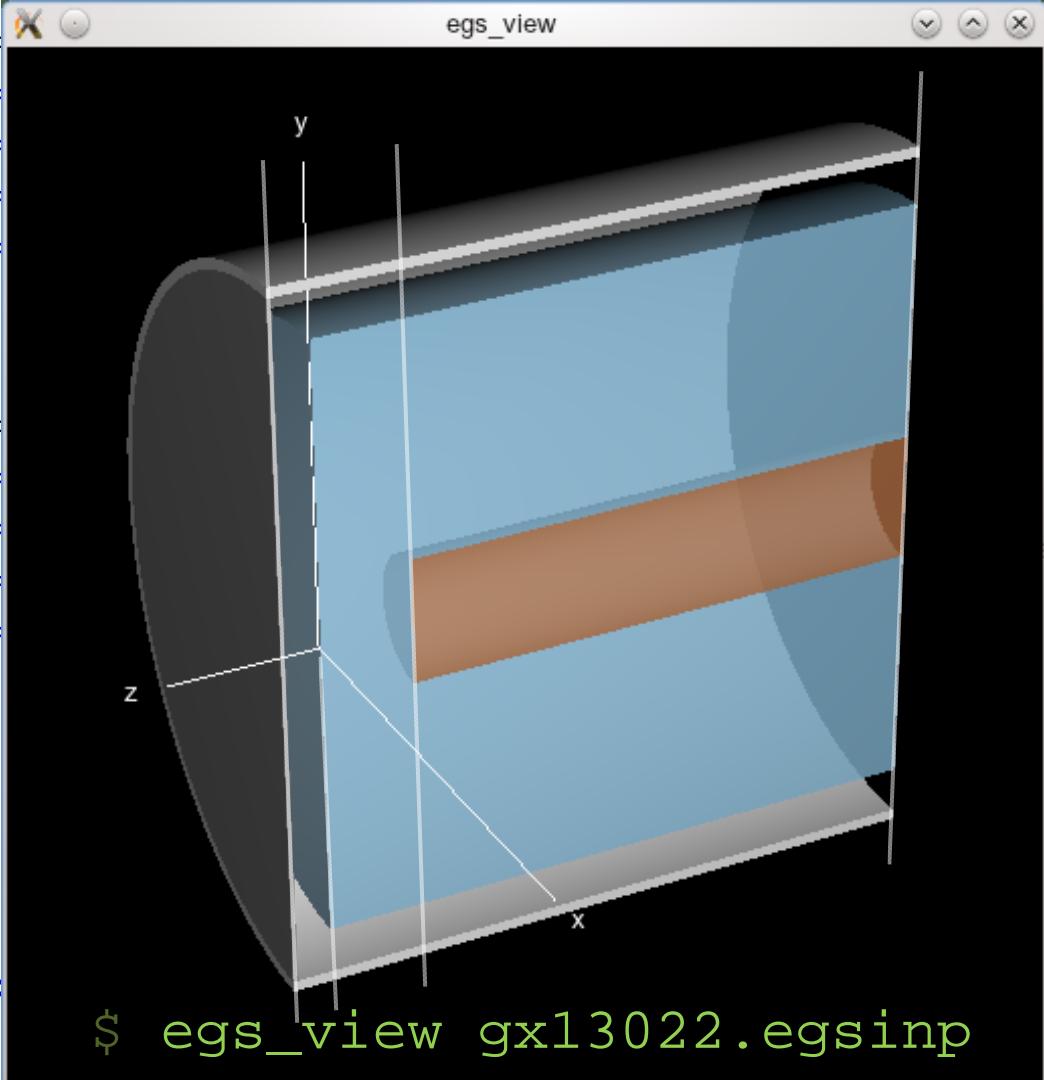
Drive egst++ apps with an *.egsinp file



**Germanium
detector:
GX13022**

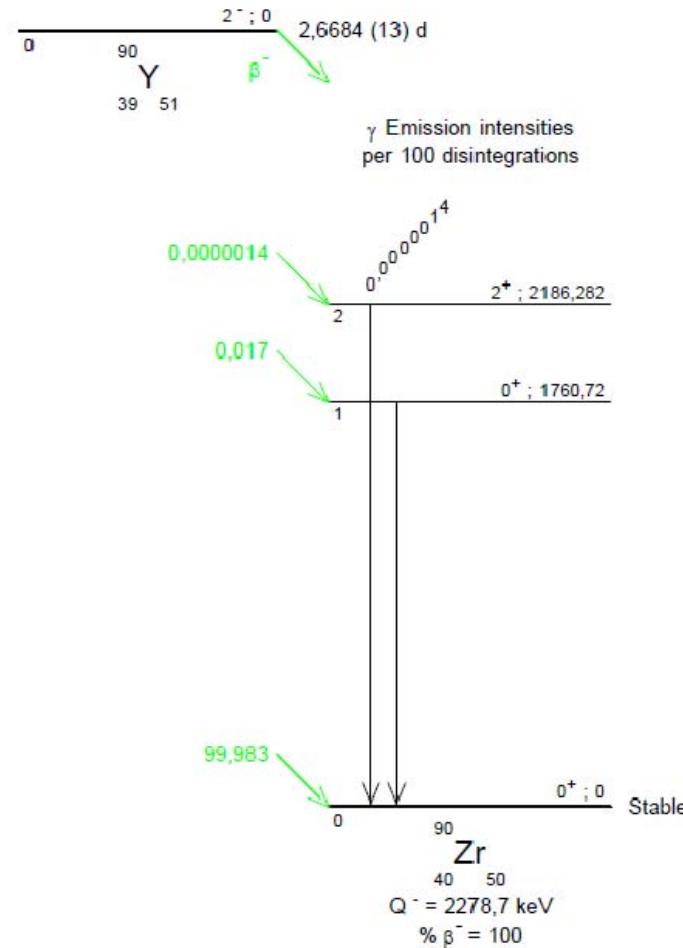
1. Define the egs++ geometry

```
:start layer:  
    thickness  
    top radii  
    bottom radii  
    media  
:stop layer:  
  
:start layer:  
    thickness  
    top radii  
    bottom radii  
    media  
:stop layer:  
  
:stop geometry:  
  
simulation geometry =  
:stop geometry definition:  
$ egs_view gx13022.egsinp
```



EGS_RadionuclideSource

- A new source of particles, following the decay scheme of a radionuclide.
- `EGS_RadionuclideSource` extends `EGS_BaseSource`, and allows for the correlated emissions of photons, electrons and positrons.



Nuclear data from LNHB: http://www.nucleide.org/DDEP_WG/DDEPdata.htm

2. Define the source geometry

:start source:

```
name          = my_mixture
library       = egs_radionuclide_source
activity      = total activity of mixture, assumed constant
```

... optional arguments ...

:start shape:

definition of the source shape

:stop shape:

:start spectrum:

Next slide...

:stop spectrum:

:stop source:

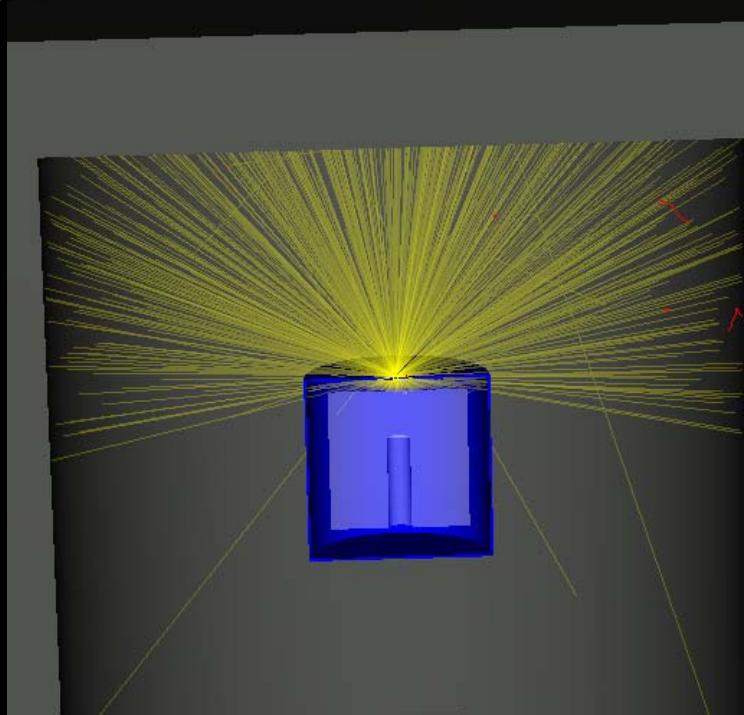
2. Define the source geometry

```
:start source:  
    ... (previous) ...  
    :start spectrum:  
        type          = radionuclide  
        nuclide       = name of the nuclide (e.g. Sr-90)  
        relative activity = [optional] the relative activity  
                            (sampling probability) for this nuclide in a  
                            mixture  
    :stop spectrum:  
  
    :start spectrum:  
        type          = radionuclide  
        nuclide       = next nuclide (e.g. Y-90)  
        relative activity = ...  
    :stop spectrum:  
:stop source:
```

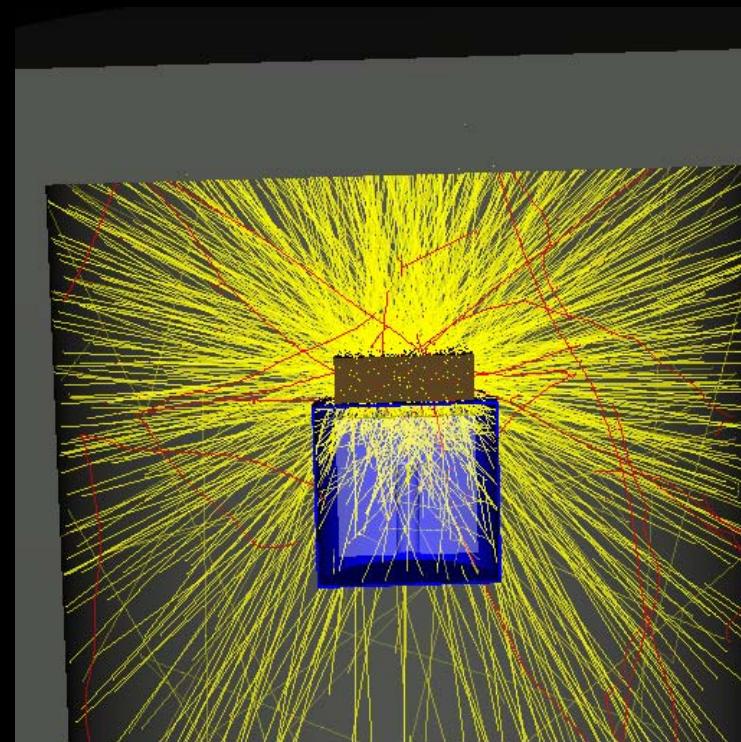
Prepared to submit input files

- 2 detectors.
- 4 source types.

Point source 50 keV

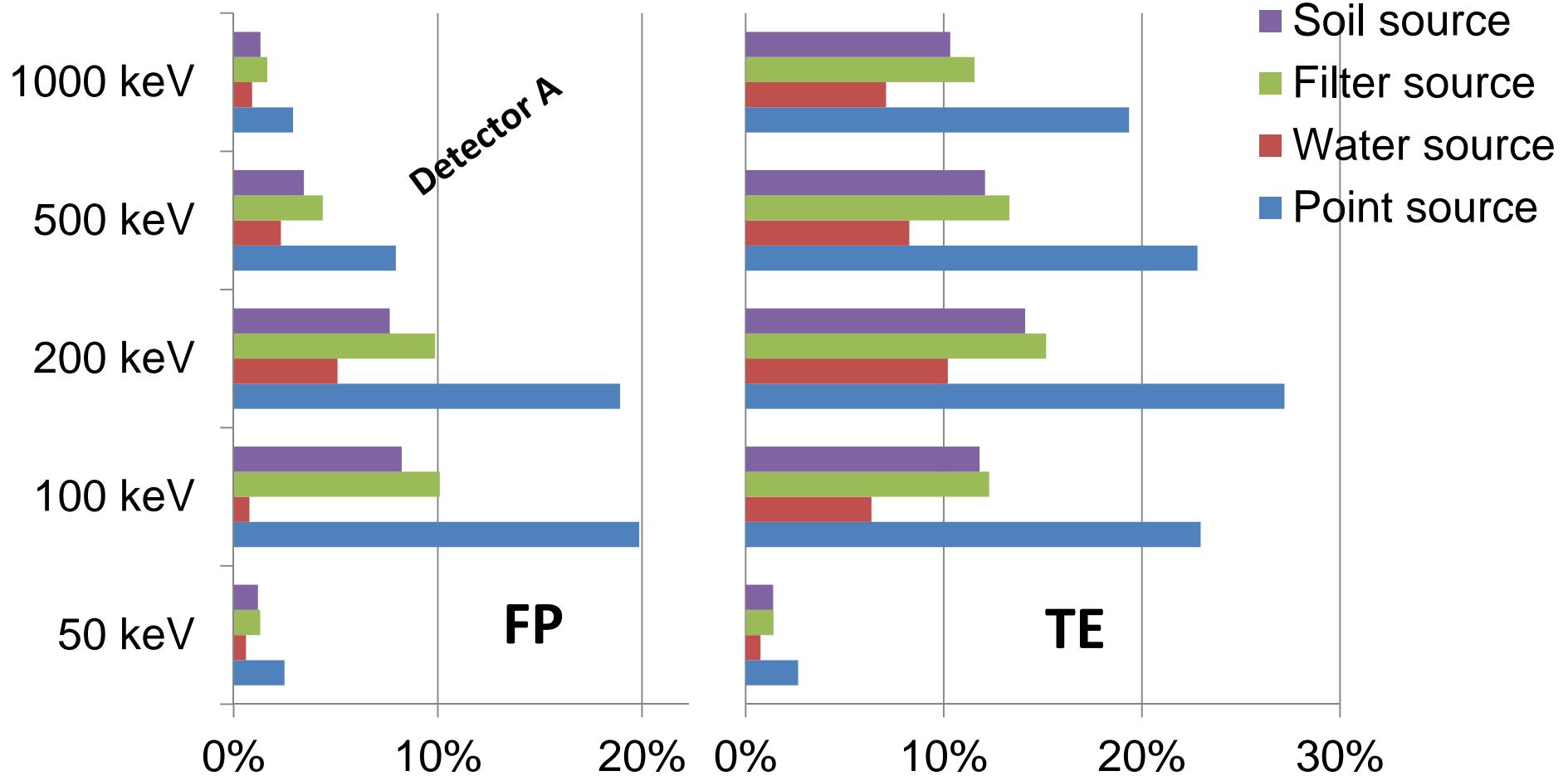


Soil source 1000 keV

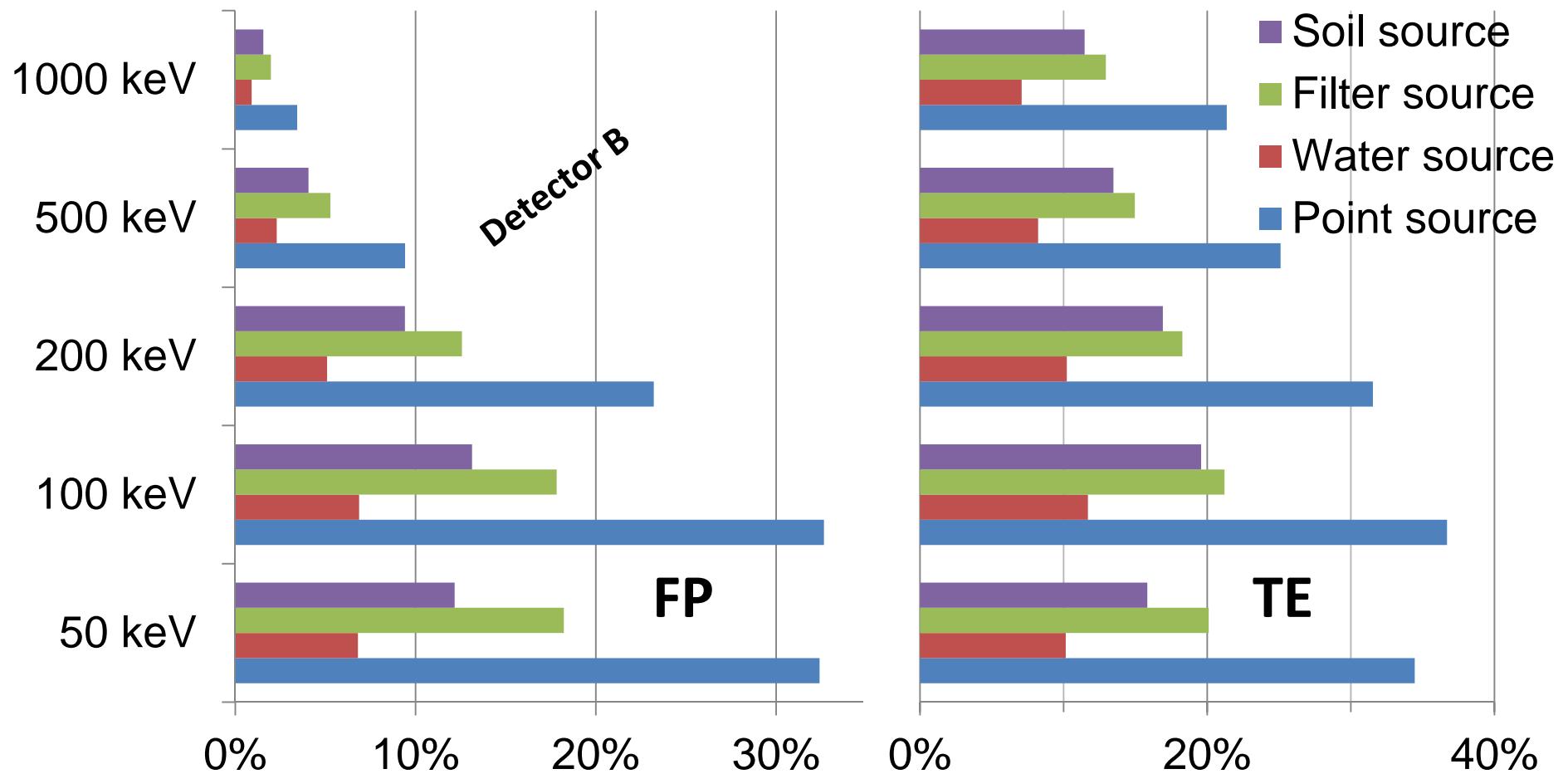


- Use an experimental resolution function to evaluate Full Peak (FP) & Total Efficiencies (TE)

Use an experimental resolution function to evaluate Full Peak (FP) & Total Efficiencies (TE)



Use an experimental resolution function to evaluate Full Peak (FP) & Total Efficiencies (TE)



Conclusions

- EGSnrc is ideally suited to the coding of MC models of HPGe detectors for γ -spectroscopy.
- NRC(Reid) has prepared input files for 2 detector configurations and 4 source types as requested.

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